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6357
AUTUMN 1938
AND
SPRING 1939

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
JAN 31 1939
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE



SIGNORA

There is no other new Rose like it. Close study of the bud and open bloom reveals so many hues and such an ever-changing iridescence as to deserve the description "the most polychrome of all Roses." A good grower and prolific bloomer. Very fragrant. Patent 201.

No. 1 Grade, \$1.25 each;
\$6.25 for six; \$12.50 doz.

Extra Grade, \$1.50 each;
\$7.50 for six; \$15.00 doz.

(No further discounts)

A Little Book About Roses

NURSERY - 1 mile north of ARCOLA, on the Paramus Road, Paramus Borough, N.J.
PHONE - HACKENSACK 2-9663

GEORGE H. PETERSON, Inc.

Specialists for 36 years in

Roses and Peonies

FAIR LAWN • NEW JERSEY



MRS. SAM McGREDY. See page 13

Here is a money-saving Collection of tried, tested, and proved varieties that will thrive over a wide range of climatic conditions. They are all free blooming and vigorous growing in habit, with very disease-resistant foliage. The beginner as well as the experienced Rose enthusiast will have success in growing these sturdy kinds. They will continue to provide dozens of perfect blooms, beginning the first summer, up until late October frost.

Spacing and Arranging

When planting this Fifteen Collection in one bed, space the plants 16 to 18 inches apart, allowing 8 to 9 inches from the edges of bed. In this way three rows of five plants each will require a bed approximately 4 x 7 feet

Or, two rows to a bed will require a space approximately 2 feet 10 inches x 11 feet.

15 No. 1 GRADE PLANTS FOR **\$9.75**
REGULAR PRICE \$13.35

15 EXTRA-GRADE PLANTS FOR **\$11.50**
REGULAR PRICE \$16.00

SPECIAL OFFER A

The Peterson Favorite Fifteen Everblooming Hybrid Teas

AMI QUINARD. Deep velvety maroon.

BETTY UPRICHARD. Copper-pink and salmon.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. Rich crimson.

CONDESA DE SASTAGO. Coppery yellow, red.

EDITOR McFARLAND. Deep pure pink.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Best rich glowing red.

GOLDEN DAWN. Best and hardiest yellow.

HEINRICH WENDLAND. Reddish copper.

KILLARNEY, DOUBLE WHITE. Always an excellent pure white.

McGREDY'S SCARLET. Velvety red.

MME. BUTTERFLY. Pink, flushed gold.

MRS. E. P. THOM. Buttercup-yellow.

MRS. HENRY MORSE. Two-toned silvery and coral-pink.

MRS. SAM McGREDY. Copper-orange-pink.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. Multicolored yellow, orange and maroon.



PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. See page 14

OFFER A-3 Three plants of each variety in Offer A. There is no better and less expensive way to enjoy an ideal Rose-garden than by planting quantities of these superb varieties.

COLLECTION of 45 Plants, 15 Varieties. Extra Grade Only, for \$33.00

THE UNVARNISHED TRUTH ABOUT GARDEN ROSES

THE home gardener who wishes to enjoy good Roses frequently hesitates to plant them because some time or other he has heard or read that there are mysteries and secrets connected with Rose-culture that only the experienced gardener knows about. Those of you receiving this Little Book About Roses for the first time may still have the idea that gardening with Roses is a back-breaking job from the very beginning. You may have read how important it is to "excavate" and prepare a Rose-bed according to a lot of half-baked theories that have been handed down from one writer to another. Frankly, we are terribly annoyed when we ourselves read and hear the many words of caution addressed to amateur Rose-lovers, when in the bottom of our hearts we know and have demonstrated that the culture of Roses is no more difficult than that of any other flower. True enough, all garden flowers need some care and attention, perhaps certain ones a little more than others, but in the end your efforts are amply repaid.

If you have a small or large piece of ground on which good crops of annuals, perennials, or vegetables have been grown in the past, you can positively enjoy the finest blooms from Peterson Roses without a whole lot of preliminary experience and preparation. We have always contended that 90 per cent of your success with garden Roses depends upon the health, vigor, and productiveness of the plants you start with. You may say that this holds true with all nursery plants. Let us assure you that it is particularly true with Rose plants because of many growth factors that only the nurseryman understands. This also means that the named varieties, especially Hybrid Teas or Everblooming Roses, must possess known ancestry and heritage that insures easy blooming qualities in every plant. It is absolutely correct to say that the majority of

failures and disappointments with Roses are due not only to a beginning made with inferior plants but also to the improper selection of varieties innocently made by the inexperienced planter. In other words, there are many varieties in American commerce that are hard to grow because they are not adapted to our soil and climate conditions. The only mystery, therefore, is to plant varieties that will grow easily and bloom abundantly without too much care. Right here is where the Rose specialist can be of greatest assistance. When browsing through the special offers and varieties in this catalog, kindly bear in mind that they have been selected for many years and only after careful experimentation and deliberation.

We can not conceive of a garden, no matter how small, in which there is not room for at least a half dozen or a dozen Roses. They need not always be planted in separate beds, but you will find most delightful effects are obtained when planting them in little nooks and corners in front of shrubbery where the Roses will get about a half day's sunshine. One of our constant ambitions has always been to help the owner of a modest garden enjoy good Roses. We can also add that you will find Peterson Roses planted by the hundreds and thousands in large estates in many parts of the country.

It has never been our custom to make apologies for the prices asked for our plants. Considering the size, quality, and health of the plants we send you, you will actually find them less expensive in the end when you begin to reap the harvest of lovely Rose blooms. It has been our experience that of all plants produced in nurseries, there are none that vary so greatly in size and quality as Rose plants. And for that reason it is always hard for the unsuspecting buyer to understand the reason for variation in Rose prices.

THE TIME TO PLANT DORMANT ROSES

If it is convenient for you to plant Roses in the fall, by all means do so because it is your fall-planted Roses that will give you the best results with the least amount of effort. Years ago it was our custom to enumerate the advantages of the fall planting of Roses, but now it has become good sound practice on the part of our most experienced and professional Rose-planters. On the other hand, there will always be more Roses planted in the spring because of the general garden awakening at that time. But no matter whether you wish to plant in fall or spring, we are always ready to supply you with the kind of plants that will live and bloom.



©

ALEZANE. See page 5

Novelties and Recent Introductions— Everblooming Hybrid Teas

PROVIDE NEW THRILLS FOR ROSE ENTHUSIASTS

Hybridizers, both here and abroad, are ever at work endeavoring to produce new and better Roses. All Rose-lovers owe a debt of gratitude to these pioneers who are ever pushing on to new frontiers.

New varieties are the “spice” and “dessert” of Rose-growing. Standard Varieties are the “entree.”

Plant standard varieties freely for cutting and garden display. Plant novelties and new introductions moderately, to keep you in touch with new developments.

You know exactly what a Radiance, an Etoile de Hollande, or a Talisman will do in your garden. These Roses have succeeded under all sorts of conditions.

Standard varieties are tried and true friends. Novelties are new acquaintances. Try a few every year. Most of those we offer will become permanent friends that you will want to keep always.

In all our descriptions of Roses, we have purposely omitted mention of the numerous Medals and Certificates of Award that have at some time or other been awarded to practically every variety listed in this catalog. For the benefit of our customers, we are more interested in observing the vigorous growth habits which we find these varieties possess for garden purposes. We therefore try to include not only ones that will win prizes with individual bloom on the show tables, but also those that will stand up under average garden conditions and produce the quantities of good blooms you have a right to expect.

Prices include DELIVERY CHARGES PREPAID on dormant Roses
ordered before April 15

QUANTITY DISCOUNTS { Deduct 10% from total price of any 12 or more Roses
Deduct 15% from total price of any 25 or more Roses
Deduct 20% from total price of any 50 or more Roses

These discounts do not apply to Collection Offers

NOVELTIES AND RECENT EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES

ALEZANE. (L. Pahissa, 1934.) Bud urn-shaped, large, reddish brown; flowers cupped, semi-double, opening to sorrel, unfurling from sorrel to rich apricot. Growth very vigorous, upright, branching; dark green foliage. Patent 116. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50. See cut, page 4.

ALICE HARDING. (C. Mallerin, 1937.) A rich sunflower-yellow, uniform and without shading, non-fading in the sun. The plant is handsome and healthy and produces its blooms freely and regularly. Patent 202. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

ANGELS MATEU. (P. Dot, 1934.) Deep coral and old-rose flushed with orange. A strong, erect grower. Very fragrant. Patent 174. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

CARILLON. (J. H. Nicolas, 1935.) A real Floribunda. Its long-pointed buds are orange-scarlet, contrasting pleasantly with the green sepals. The half-open bloom is a deep coral, overcast with orange, and the full bloom is large—4 inches diameter—the inner petals being irregularly but artistically arranged. Bush is branching, so that when planted in mass the whole bed is blanketed with glossy foliage upon which rest the many blooms. Patent 136. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

CHRISTOPHER STONE. (H. Robinson, 1935.) A glowing scarlet-crimson that is distinct. This new "red" Rose for sheer brilliance and pureness of color stands head and shoulders above others we have seen. Intensely fragrant. Strong, vigorous grower and abundant bloomer that is destined to become very popular as soon as stock is more plentiful. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

COUNTESS VANDAL. (M. Leenders, 1932.) Its long, slender bud of coppery bronze, suffused with soft gold, opens very slowly. The finished blooms show a very unusual arrangement of petals, with a color combination of silvery salmon-pink and gold. Vigorous, erect. Patent 38. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 25.

CRIMSON GLORY. (W. Kordes Sons, 1934.) Large, urn-shaped buds and very well-formed flowers of an intense deep vivid shade of ox-blood-red and mellowed with a soft velvety nap. Unquestionably the best dark red Rose introduced in years. Patent 105. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 6.

ECLIPSE. (J. H. Nicolas, 1935.) Its long, stream-lined bud, enhanced by ornamental sepals, is rich golden yellow without shading. The petals are large and of good substance, but not numerous, averaging 20 to 25, with more in the autumn. It is hardy and grows vigorously in all climates. Patent 172. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50. See cut on back cover.

GLOAMING. (J. H. Nicolas, 1935.) The color is a soft satiny pink heavily laden with salmon and amber. Delightful fragrance. A cut-flower variety, and also of great value to the garden. Everyone who sees or grows this new Rose is favorably impressed. Patent 137. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 8.

GOLDEN MAIN. (W. Kordes Sons, Germany, 1933.) Floribunda type. Introduced in Germany as Goldenes Mainz, this wonderful novelty is a pure yellow Rose of the clean glistening yellow of a dandelion in the morning dew. Patent 254. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.



ANGELS MATEU

Due to most careful methods of dusting and spraying, all our plants are absolutely free of diseases and pests. Both State and Federal horticultural authorities make thorough inspections many times throughout the year.



©

GOLDEN MAIN

SPECIAL OFFER B

TWELVE *Everblooming Roses*

OF VERY RECENT
INTRODUCTION

Varieties with a new appeal to interest
the Rose enthusiast

EXTRA GRADE ONLY

ANGELS MATEU. Deep coral and old-rose, flushed orange.

CARILLON. Orange-scarlet buds, opening to deep rose-pink.

CHRISTOPHER STONE. Scarlet-crimson. A new "red" Rose that is really different.

CRIMSON GLORY. Intense deep ox-blood-red.

ECLIPSE. Rich golden yellow with the "stream-lined" bud.

GOLDEN MAIN. Glistening yellow of the dandelion in the morning dew.

McGREDDY'S TRIUMPH. Cerise bud, opening to rich amber-pink.

MME. COCHET-COCHET. Copper-salmon-pink.

MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD. Nasturtium-buff—the nearest approach to a pure buff.

MRS. FRANCIS KING. Pure ivory-white.

R. M. S. QUEEN MARY. The sensational new orange-gold-pink everyone wants.

SIGNORA. Warm burnt sienna with a yellow base, that comes to us from sunny Italy.

These Twelve **for \$14.25**
Super-size
Plants Total regular value, \$17.50



CRIMSON GLORY. See page 5



MME. COCHET-COCHET

NOVELTIES AND RECENT HYBRID TEA ROSES

McGREDDY'S SUNSET. (S. McGredy & Son, 1936.) From the name of this fine new Rose one may first judge it to be just another yellow. However, the general color effect from a distance, as well as the effect when looking directly into the flower, shows a distinct and brilliant lighting up of the center with the true rich shadings of the evening sunset. The arrangement of petals and formation of bloom is also distinct and most graceful. Flowers come singly on good stems and last long when cut. The plant possesses all the necessary vigor that all McGredy Roses are known so well for. Patent rights reserved. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

McGREDDY'S TRIUMPH. (S. McGredy & Son, 1936.) Large, ovoid, pointed bud, cerise overshadowed with orange, opens slowly into a very large, cup-formed bloom of brilliant deep pink overlaid with amber. Plant vigorous; handsome foliage, bronze at first, toning to deep green. Patent 190. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

MME. COCHET-COCHET. (C. Mallerin, 1934.) Coppery rose-pink. Buds are long-pointed, flushed orange, opening to beautifully formed flowers of satiny salmon-pink. An abundant bloomer with stiff stems for cutting. Similar in color to the old Los Angeles but with a far superior plant habit. Patent 129. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD. (J. Gaujard, 1934.) The long, graceful buds of nasturtium-orange-buff open to a pure buff with lovely shell-pink edges to the petals. A magnificent exhibition Rose, but, unlike many exhibition varieties, produces plenty of choice blooms on a wonderfully strong and vigorous plant. You will like it immensely because it is a Rose to rave about. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50. See cut, page 7.



R. M. S. QUEEN MARY

MRS. FRANCIS KING. (J. H. Nicolas, 1936.) A very large and full-petaled Rose, first tinted cream and ivory, later opening to chaste white. One of the earliest Hybrid Teas to bloom. Unusually hardy and prolific. Patent 253. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

R. M. S. QUEEN MARY. (H. A. Verschuren, 1937.) A glorious combination of vivid shades blending to rich glowing salmon with an exquisite pure pink and an orange base. Buds are long and pointed and the open flower in all stages of development has excellent form. Grows vigorously and blooms abundantly on long stiff stems. Delicious fragrance. Patent 249. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$2.00.

RADIANT BEAUTY. (Cleveland Cut Flower Co., 1934.) Lives up to its name, and is an improved form of Francis Scott Key, opening to a perfect Rose in all weathers. The color is a peculiar red; the petals are neither velvety nor satiny but of an unusual eggshell finish. Hardy, vigorous grower. Patent 97. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

REX ANDERSON. (S. McGredy & Son, 1937.) We need more good white Roses, and this latest introduction gives us an exceptionally clean, chaste white with an overcast of ivory. Plant-growth is exceptionally vigorous and free blooming. Pleasant perfume. Patent rights reserved. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

ROCHESTER. (J. H. Nicolas, 1934.) Floribunda type. A very hardy and robust new strain combining Hybrid Tea with Polyantha. Very prolific bloomer with numerous clusters from spring to frost without interruption. Flowers 3½ inches diameter, double, and perfectly formed, a combination of carmine and yellow with the iridescence of a pearl. Patent 131. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

Planting our hardy and healthy Roses during October and November is good, sound practice, even in very cold climates.

Why we offer two Grades of Roses

There are factors in the growth of plants that are beyond the control of the nurseryman. This is especially true with field-grown Roses where we find that, in spite of the best care, they do not grow at the same rate, so that at harvest-time there are really three or four different sizes.

Our Extra Grade denotes those plants having the greatest number of strong, thick canes and branches and the heaviest root-systems. Naturally, these Extra-Grade plants will produce more Roses the first year, and thereby give the effect of an established Rose-garden. The relation between sizes of plants and abundance of bloom is so evident that the majority of our regular customers specify Extra-Grade Plants, even though the price is necessarily a little higher. They find these super-size plants worth the difference. However, very satisfying results may be had with our No. 1 plants.

The No. 1 Grade is the size generally sold by nurserymen as top grade and will give satisfactory results. The quality and age of both sizes are the same. We emphasize the fact that our small-sized plants are never sold through regular retail channels. This careful method of grading assures you of getting plants uniform in size, and removes the element of chance, so you do not have to depend on luck to get the very best Roses obtainable. Whether you buy a dozen oranges, or a box of apples, they are sold according to size and quality, and it should therefore be evident that applying this same principle to varying Rose plants is good, sound nursery practice.



MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD. See page 6

SPECIAL OFFER C

SIX BEST NEW *Everblooming Roses*

OF THE PAST FIVE YEARS
THAT ARE HERE TO STAY

*Every experienced rosarian
who has tried them likes them*

ALEZANE. Reddish brown. Very distinct and handsome.

COUNTESS VANDAL. Soft golden pink and bronze.

GLOAMING. Satiny salmon-pink.

ROCHESTER. A blend of carmine and yellow with the iridescence of a pearl.

TEXAS CENTENNIAL. Cerise-red sport of President Herbert Hoover.

WARRAWEE. Exquisite shell-pink.

No. 1 Grade, regular price \$6.25

SPECIAL for \$5.00

Extra Grade, regular price \$7.75

SPECIAL for \$6.25



WARRAWEE



© GLOAMING. See page 5

SIGNORA. (D. Aicardi, Italy, 1936.) Long bud of a warm burnt sienna, opening to a lighter hue toward mandarine. Blooms come on many long stems making it the ideal Rose for cutting. When full open there are so many hues and such an ever-changing iridescence as to deserve the description of "the most polychrome" of all Roses. Plant and foliage are unusually healthy. Patent 201. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50. See cut, front cover.

TEMNO. (J. Bohm, 1934.) The largest of all the darkest red Roses—a deep, velvety maroon with a blackish sheen; very fragrant. Excellent, free-branching plant habit. Both the blooms and plant habit are far superior to Nigrette. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

TEXAS CENTENNIAL. (A. F. Watkins, 1935.) A sport of President Herbert Hoover with all its wonderful plant qualities. The color is blood-red, toning to cerise-red in the center. Like the President Hoover Rose, the bud is long-pointed, flower well formed, and borne on a long stem, ideal for cutting. Patent 162. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

WARRAWEE. (Mrs. H. C. Fitzhardinge, 1934.) Exquisite shell-pink. The long-pointed salmon-pink buds open to a perfectly formed bloom with spicy fragrance. Plant blooms and grows as easily as Radiance. Patent 140. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

^ WORD ABOUT...

Peterson Special Rose Offers

For the benefit of prospective customers who are interested in our Special Offers, may we explain that the very best plants are used and especially dug to your order. So far as the varieties are concerned, we would suggest the same ones were you to write in for a personal list or recommendations to fill your needs. We know in advance that these varieties will be in demand because of their merit, and therefore we prepare in advance by growing them in quantities. This enables us to offer them at reduced prices.

Standard Varieties of Hybrid Tea Roses, Everblooming

When the average person speaks of Roses today, he refers to the Hybrid Teas which are here grouped for convenience under one heading. For the lack of a better descriptive word, we have come to call them "Everblooming Roses." Anyone with experience knows that some of the varieties take a rest between three or four main flowering periods, so perhaps "recurrent" would better fit their habit of bloom.

The Hybrid Tea Roses begin to bloom abundantly about ten to twelve weeks after they are planted. They continue to produce the finest blooms for bouquets and cut-flowers right up until late fall when they are usually at their best.

The varieties here offered are those most generally successful for outdoor culture. They all have their good points. We do not claim to offer every variety worth growing but only the cream of those which grow well under general soil and climatic conditions. This saves the inexperienced planter much confusion and insures against making a poor selection. For those who want Roses for Roses' sake, regardless of when they were introduced, you will find in our offerings of Hybrid Teas only those whose plant and blooming habits can be depended on.

AMI QUINARD. Very deep velvety black-crimson buds open to a semi-double crimson-maroon flower with blackish lustre. We like it better every year. Very distinct. Fragrant. Vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00. See cut, page 14.

AUTUMN. The burnt-orange buds open to a medium-sized golden yellow flower, streaked with red. Quite distinct. The fall blooms are superb, even though the early ones are not always so good. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

BETTY UPRICHARD. The flowers are semi-double, large, charmingly ruffled, and present an almost startling contrast in coloring. The outside of the petals is fiery copper-pink and the inner surface is soft salmon. Very fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

BRIARCLIFF. A very large, full, well-built flower with a rose-pink center and edges of petals silvery pink. Because of its fragrance, lasting qualities, and long, smooth stems, it is ideal for cutting. This is a sport of the well-known Columbia. Growth vigorous and upright. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

CALEDONIA. High-pointed bud opening to a pure white, very double, high-centered bloom. Moderately fragrant. One of the best white Roses, even though some of the early blooms occasionally "ball" in wet weather. Very vigorous, upright and free branching. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT. This old and reliable variety is considered our darkest red. The color shades from the richest glowing blood-red to almost black, with a velvet-like finish. Color is richest in September. Delightfully fragrant. A difficult Rose for us to propagate, but grows well and lives long when once you get it. Very low and spreading. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

PETERSON'S POTTED ROSES are available in May and June. Customers driving to the Nursery will find a good supply to take with them. See page 17.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. A splendid, bright red garden Rose, quite large, and moderately fragrant. Good non-fading reds with anything like the vigor and floriferousness of this variety are still scarce. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.



McGREDDY'S SCARLET. See page 12

QUANTITY DISCOUNTS	{	Deduct 10% from total price of any 12 or more Roses
		Deduct 15% from total price of any 25 or more Roses
		Deduct 20% from total price of any 50 or more Roses

These discounts do not apply to Collection Offers

HYBRID TEA ROSES

CONDESA DE SASTAGO. (P. Dot, 1932.) An outstanding Spanish novelty showing the vivid colors of the old species Rose, Austrian Copper. Showy golden yellow buds are brilliantly striped bright red, and the open double flower shows the same colors. The plant is a very easy grower and blooms freely at all times. This is, undoubtedly, the best of Pedro Dot's Spanish novelties for general soil and climatic conditions throughout the United States. Spicy fragrance. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 11.

CYNTHIA. (Verschuren-Pechtold, 1934.) Rich, glowing Oriental red or brilliant carmine in all stages of development. Exceptionally well-formed buds and open blooms on stiff stems make it an outstanding cut-flower variety. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Long-pointed buds; intense saffron-yellow, changing to coppery orange-yellow. Good grower. Long one of the most popular of all yellow Roses. At its best in autumn. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

DUQUESA DE PENARANDA. (P. Dot, 1931.) Copper-apricot. This fine Spanish Rose really produces two differently colored blooms during the season. The early summer flowers open to a blending of apricot, orange, dark pink, and copper. Then in autumn we get the rare cinnamon-peach color,



DUQUESA DE PENARANDA

difficult to describe in words, but certainly one of the most pleasing and distinct colors yet found in autumn Roses. Sweetly perfumed. Very vigorous, erect, and free-blooming. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. The very long-pointed buds, borne on long, smooth stems, open to perfectly formed blooms of lasting qualities, making them ideal for cutting. Rich orange-pink, becoming salmon-pink with a golden underglow when open. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

EDITOR McFARLAND. While there seems to be an abundance of good pink Roses, still, to the keen observer, Editor McFarland is one of the finest deep, glowing pinks. The color never fades and texture of petals is so firm that its excellent form is retained both on the plant and when cut. It has the plant characteristics of pink Radiance with a better-formed bloom. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Considered at present the best and most popular red Hybrid Tea. Not only its deep, rich glowing color, but fragrance and perfect form of bud and open flower have given this Rose its enviable position. Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

FEDERICO CASAS. A blend of coppery pink and orange. One of Pedro Dot's best varieties which does well everywhere in the United States. Grows very vigorously and a prodigious bloomer. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

GOLDEN DAWN. We consider this the finest yellow Rose of today. The bud is highly colored old-rose and the open flower is a clear sunflower-yellow. Golden Dawn gives us the strongest and easiest growing plant with the healthiest foliage of all the many new yellow Roses. Sweetly fragrant. Very vigorous; medium height; bushy. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00 Extra Grade \$1.25.

GRANGE COLOMBE. Creamy white. Flower very well formed, always opens perfectly. This "old timer" still makes a fine exhibition Rose in competitions. Fragrant. Very vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.



ETOILE DE HOLLANDE

HYBRID TEA ROSES

GRUSS AN AACHEN. Floribunda type. The individual flowers resemble Hybrid Teas in size and form; buds orange-pink, opening to blush-pink. This Rose is really a true Hybrid Polyantha. Very free flowering. Height, 15 to 18 inches. Extra Grade only, 85 cts.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Velvety crimson, shading to scarlet in center. Very free and continuous bloomer and exceedingly strong grower. Good for hedges. Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

HEINRICH WENDLAND. (W. Kordes Sons, 1930.) Reddish copper or nasturtium-red are both terms to describe the unusual coloring; reverse of petals deep golden yellow. Very tall and well-formed Rose and always opens perfectly for exhibition. Exceptionally fragrant. Strong, tall, erect and healthy grower. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

HINRICH GAEDE. (W. Kordes Sons, 1931.) The finest long-pointed buds are nasturtium-red and open to full-petaled blooms colored orange-yellow, flashed with nasturtium-red. This striking and pleasing blending of colors is seldom equaled in any Rose. Fruity fragrance. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

HORTULANUS BUDDÉ. Floribunda type. Deep and glowing scarlet. Flowers semi-double; bud exquisite. A fine bedding Rose where bright color is wanted. A long-lived variety we like immensely; probably such a long name has hindered its popularity. Fragrant. Very vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

IRISH HOPE. A rich rosy crimson, with the long-pointed bud opening to a very large, double, high-centered flower. Lasts long. Delicious, spicy fragrance. Very vigorous, erect, and bushy. A valuable red Rose we are always ready to recommend. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

JOANNA HILL. Yellow flowers, similar in color to Mrs. Aaron Ward, but much larger and fuller, are borne on strong stems almost free of thorns. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VIKTORIA. Creamy white, faintly tinged with lemon; large and full. Old as it is from a Hybrid Tea standpoint, no white of later introduction can compare with it for quality of bloom. Slightly fragrant. Moderate, bushy growth. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

KILLARNEY, DOUBLE WHITE. Still one of the best white Roses we know of. Its high-centered, well-formed blooms always open perfectly. Very vigorous, upright grower. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

KILLARNEY QUEEN. This is a sport from the original Killarney but is a deeper and richer pink than the parent. Very long, pointed buds open to a gracefully formed, semi-double bloom. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

LADY ALICE STANLEY. Outside of petals deep coral-rose; inside silvery pink. Very double, perfectly formed bloom on long, stiff stem. Fragrant. Very vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

LADY URSULA. Flesh-pink, similar to the famous old climber, Dr. W. Van Fleet. A strong grower and abundant bloomer. Very vigorous, erect, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

Our painstaking methods of packing will win your approval

SPECIAL OFFER D

EIGHT VERY VIGOROUS EVERBLOOMING ROSES

The Easiest to Grow—succeed everywhere. These are about a foot higher than the average Hybrid Tea or Everblooming Rose and are loaded with good blooms from early summer until late fall. Even though varieties like Radiance are old from the standpoint of origin, they have not yet been surpassed in all-round growing and blooming habits.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. Rich crimson.

CONDESA DE SASTAGO. A blend of yellow and reddish copper.

MARGARET MCGREDY. Orange-vermilion.

MISS ROWENA THOM. Golden pink.

NATIONAL FLOWER GUILD. Brilliant red. A prodigious bloomer.

RADIANCE. Silvery pink.

RED RADIANCE. Rosy red.

SISTER THERESE. Rich daffodil-yellow.

No. 1 Grade, regular price \$6.95

SPECIAL for \$5.65

Extra Grade, regular price \$8.25

SPECIAL for \$6.75



CONDESA DE SASTAGO. See page 10



MARGARET
McGREDY

HYBRID TEA ROSES

MARGARET McGREDY. This color is difficult to describe—red, rose, and flame on the upper side of the petals, the under surface suffused with gold—a wonderful contrast; perhaps orange-vermilion or coppery red would best describe it. Free and prolific bloomer; extremely hardy. Moderately fragrant. Very vigorous, erect and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

McGREDY'S SCARLET. This is really a fine, well-formed, and truly colored "red" Rose, and so does not exactly tally with the name. Deep down inside the red petalage you will find the true scarlet tones. Fragrant. Very vigorous, erect and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00. See cut, page 9.

MISS CYNTHIA FORDE. Of all the clear, rich pinks, this is one of the very largest and most striking. The petals are beautifully imbricated, and in the fall one often gets flowers from it almost as large as a peony. Moderately fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MISS ROWENA THOM. Brilliant satiny pink, center shaded old-gold to orange-flame. Very large flowers, frequently 5 to 6 inches across, sometimes too heavy for the stems to support. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00. See cut, page 14.

MME. BUTTERFLY. Salmon- to flesh-pink, center petals shaded light yellow; perfectly formed.

Will always be a favorite wherever Roses are grown. Slightly fragrant. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MME. JULES BOUCHE. Pearly white, camellia-like flower, tinged blush. Our easiest-growing white. Moderately fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and branching. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. AARON WARD. Indian yellow, variable in color, edging to white. Blooms are often quite whitish at the beginning of the season but the color comes back in the later blooms. Moderately fragrant. Moderate, low and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. CHARLES BELL. One of the most delicate, refined, light salmon-pink shades found in Roses. A sport of the ever-popular Radiance, with the good qualities of that family, and often called the "Shell-Pink Radiance." Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. ERSKINE PEMBROKE THOM. The deep yellow buds, with carmine markings, open to semi-double, clear lemon-yellow flowers which never fade or open with "dirty" centers. Similar to, but better than, Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Rather a long name for a Rose with so many good points. You will never grow tired of this long-lived variety. Moderately fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.



MRS. HENRY MORSE

HYBRID TEA ROSES

LUCIE MARIE. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1930.) Splendidly pointed, orange-yellow buds, with red veinations. The open bloom shows a magnificent blending of coppery yellow with the edge of the petals a golden pink. Sweetly fragrant. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. HENRY MORSE. Two-tone pink; outside petals a deep rose-pink; inside silvery pink. High-pointed, well-formed bloom in all stages. Fragrant. Very vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. JENNIE DEVERMAN. (Harry Deverman, 1933.) While there have been several sports of the President Herbert Hoover Rose recently introduced, including Texas Centennial, we find Mrs. Jennie Deverman superior in some ways. The color is cerise-red on opening, with a perfectly formed bud of carmine-red. This sport of Hoover originated in a near-by nursery where it has consistently shown better plant and blooming habits than its parent. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

MRS. PIERRE S. DU PONT. The medium-sized, pointed, reddish gold bud opens to a semi-double, golden yellow flower of excellent form, with stem of average length. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, but compact and bushy. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 17.

MRS. SAM MCGREDY. (S. McGredy & Son, 1929.) A very distinctly colored Rose such as McGredy or no other hybridizer has ever introduced. The large, long-pointed bud is a deep coppery scarlet, opening to a double bloom of a coppery orange. Moderately fragrant. Vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. Cut, page 2.

NATIONAL FLOWER GUILD. The very large, scarlet-crimson, fragrant, lasting flower is borne singly on a long stem. Plant is very vigorous, exceptionally hardy, and blooms continuously. In this respect it equals the Radiance group. Many superlatives could properly be used in describing this excellent Rose for the average planter. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

Prices include DELIVERY CHARGES PREPAID on dormant Roses ordered before April 15

QUANTITY DISCOUNTS { Deduct 10% from total price of any 12 or more Roses
Deduct 15% from total price of any 25 or more Roses
Deduct 20% from total price of any 50 or more Roses

These discounts do not apply to Collection Offers

SPECIAL OFFER E

Six Everblooming Roses

Noted for Fragrance
Long-lasting as Cut-flowers

Everyone asks for Roses with delicious fragrance. While we find most Roses fragrant before sunrise and after sunset, there are some with more pronounced fragrance at all times. The blooms in this group also have unusually firm petals and are borne singly on good stiff stems for cutting.

AMI QUINARD. Deep, velvety maroon.

CYNTHIA. Fiery pink to Oriental red.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. Orange-pink-salmon.

IRISH HOPE. Brilliant crimson-scarlet.

JOANNA HILL. Indian yellow.

SOUV. DE MME. C. CHAMBARD. Exquisite coral-pink

No. 1 Grade, regular price \$5.25

SPECIAL for \$3.90

Extra Grade, regular price \$6.25

SPECIAL for \$4.75



AMI QUINARD. See page 9



MISS ROWENA THOM. See page 12

HYBRID TEA ROSES

OPHELIA. Flesh-pink and yellow, a combination which gives us a most refreshing tone. One of the most popular Hybrid Tea Roses. Splendid form. Slightly fragrant. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

PADRE. Unique flame-color—a coppery scarlet, flushed with yellow at the base of the petals. The flower is moderately large, though not so full. Very desirable when planted close for vivid color effect. Fragrant. Vigorous, tall, with wiry stems. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

PORTADOWN IVORY. (S. McGredy & Son, 1929.) Very large, long-pointed bud opens to a delicate creamy white flower of excellent form. Also known as McGredy's Ivory. Moderately fragrant. Very vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. The color combination is unique—a blending of cerise, orange, and gold. The long-pointed, exquisitely colored buds are borne singly on very long stems, giving us a Rose that one never imagines could be grown outdoors. The best American introduction of recent years. Moderate spicy fragrance. Very vigorous, tall and erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00. See cut, page 2.

RADIANCE. A very large, globular flower of a nice even shade of brilliant pink. Splendid for both cutting and garden decoration. The most generally successful Hybrid Tea Rose the entire country over. Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. This is one of the oldest Roses now grown in gardens and it is still one of the best. A splendid long-lasting cut-flower. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

RAPTURE. This is a sport or variation of the well-known variety, Mme. Butterfly. The combination of colors in pink and buff-yellow is present but the tones of pink are noticeably deeper. Slightly fragrant. Vigorous, erect. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

RED RADIANCE. This is a sport from the famous Radiance but not a deep shade of red. It has all the characteristics of its parent, Radiance, in the way of growth, blooming qualities, and form of flower, and is now as well known as its pink relative. Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

REV. F. PAGE-ROBERTS. This is one of the richest, fullest, and most perfect yellow Roses yet produced. The bud is beautifully marked and marbled with carmine-red. Better when pruned severely. Sometimes a difficult Rose to grow, but worth all the extra care you give it. Intensely fragrant. Moderate, bushy and low-branching. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

RICHARD E. WEST. Here is a yellow Rose we continue to favor but which has almost been overlooked in the race to put new yellow varieties into commerce the past five years. It is a clear and chaste cadmium-yellow, double, full, high-centered and very fragrant. We like it immensely because the plant works hard and produces plenty of flowers and foliage at all times. Very hardy. Very vigorous, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

ROSLYN. Color of the long-pointed bud is deep orange; the large, full, semi-double flower is golden yellow, non-fading. With us it is one of the good, hardy yellow Roses. Slightly fragrant. Very vigorous, bushy and free-branching. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

SISTER THERESE. Rich daffodil-yellow, edges of petals marbled carmine. Sweetbrier fragrance. Very vigorous, tall grower. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

Membership in the American Rose Society will bring you valuable Rose literature and pleasant association with other Rose-lovers. Write the Secretary, Box 687, Harrisburg, Pa., for information.



RED RADIANCE



SISTER THERESE

Reasons why the annual issue of
"A Little Book About Roses"
 for Autumn and Spring

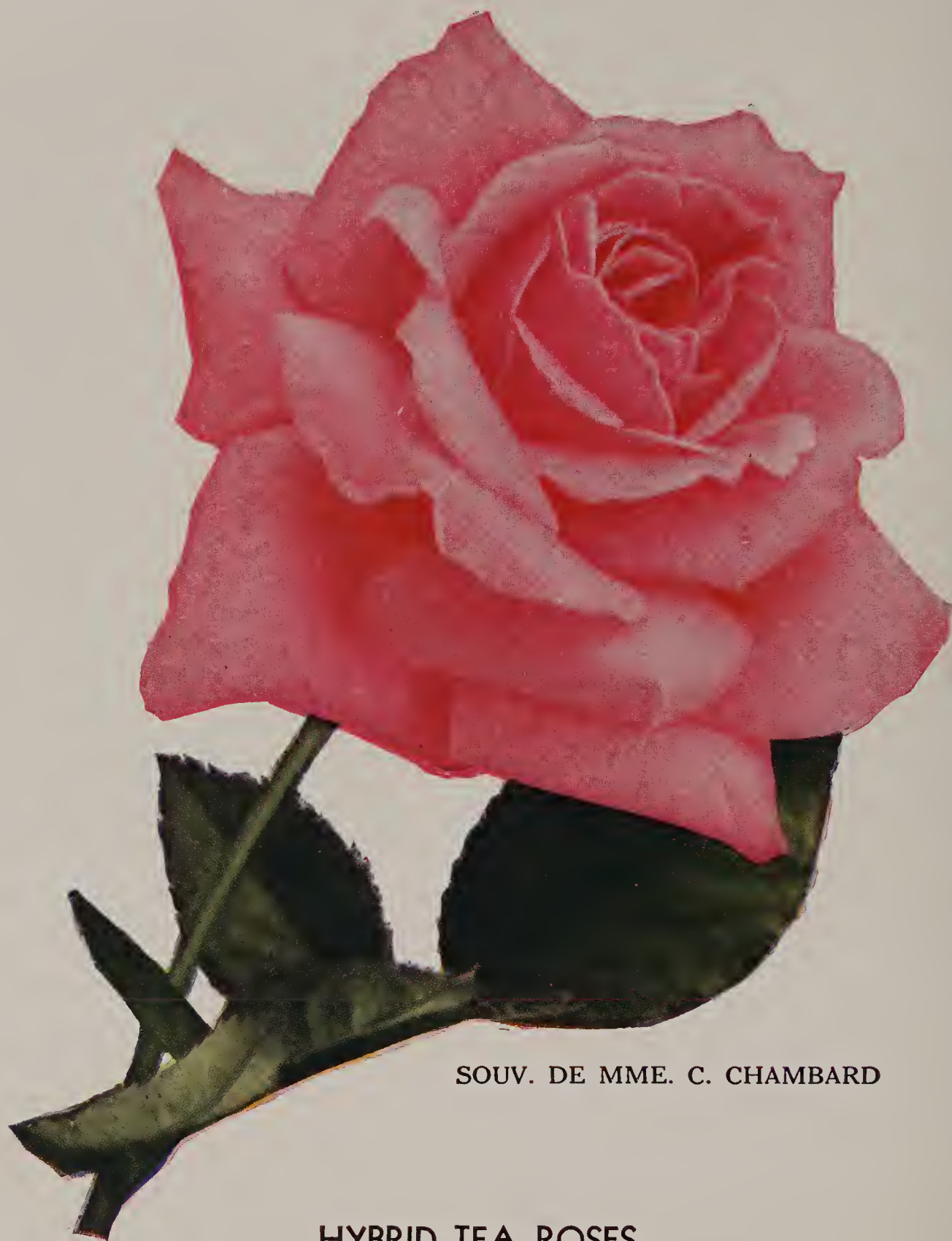
is always published in September

As producers of quality Roses and Peonies in our own nursery, the inventory of plants and varieties is available and complete as the new Rose crop matures during late summer and early fall; this is the end of their three years of nursery life. Hence the publication of our annual catalog in September. It should be explained that all dormant, nursery-grown Roses that are sold in the spring are dug *en masse* the previous fall and stored in special winter buildings.



The natural planting-time for dormant Peonies, both Herbaceous and Tree Peonies, is

September and October Only



SOUV. DE MME. C. CHAMBARD

HYBRID TEA ROSES

SOUV. DE MME. C. CHAMBARD. (C. Chamberd, 1931.) This splendid new Rose is a brilliant and rich coral-pink. The form of both the long-pointed bud and open flower is nearly perfect in all stages of development; its petalage is always bright and fresh. The exceedingly fragrant blooms, borne on long stems, are ideal for exhibition where competition is keen. Vigorous, upright. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

TALISMAN. Brilliant orange-yellow, with many of the petals marked with coppery shades. In certain localities the early summer flowers may fade out fast or be imperfectly formed, but in a short time the plant is growing vigorously again and immediately "goes to work" to produce a gorgeous crop of flowers from August right up until late frosts. Intensely fragrant. Very vigorous, tall and erect. This Rose will go down in history as the forerunner of the many multicolored varieties responsible for greatly renewed interest in everblooming Roses. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

VILLE DE PARIS. The long-pointed buds and open flowers are a true buttercup-yellow, quite vivid and non-fading. It is still an almost indispensable yellow with the most beautiful foliage of all. Vigorous, erect, with wiry stems. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

WILHELM KORDES. Buds are very pointed and long, of deep golden salmon. When open the flower takes on an entirely different color, petals being marked with shades of reddish copper. A Rose that the fancier immediately wants when the striking and novel colors are first seen. Intensely fragrant. Moderate, bushy. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

WILLIAM ORR. Flowers very large, deep velvety crimson. The shining petals of firm substance never fade, even when open full; exceedingly fragrant. A comparatively new dark red that does very well with us and in well-fertilized gardens. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

Due to most careful methods of dusting and spraying, all our plants are absolutely free of diseases and pests. Both State and Federal horticultural authorities make thorough inspections many times throughout the year.

Potted Roses for May and June Planting

Peterson Potted Roses are mature, field-grown plants that have been put into 6-inch pots and carried over the winter in deep cold-frames. They are then specially handled for late spring and early summer planting, so there are none finer to fill in vacancies in your garden. They will be growing and may even be in bud when you receive them, but may still be planted with absolute safety. Orders received too late in the spring season for planting dormant stock will be filled with potted plants sent by express collect in water-proof paper pots.

Customers driving to the nursery to take plants with them will find a good supply available in May and June. Many will be in bud, some in bloom, so the selection of varieties is made easy.

As the season advances, certain varieties we offer may become sold out. However, when we are requested or given permission to assist you with the selection, you will always receive more than full value. Prices will be the same as for dormant stock.

Read Carefully Before Ordering

Remittance may be made by Bank Draft, Express or Post-Office Money Order, Check, or Currency in Registered Letter, same to accompany order.

C. O. D. orders sent only upon request.

Charge Accounts opened for the convenience of responsible parties.

Every plant is guaranteed true to name and is carefully labeled with a durable printed wooden label, copper wired.

The safe arrival of live and healthy plants is guaranteed.

These Prices include **delivery charges prepaid** on dormant Roses ordered before April 15, when remittance accompanies the order.

Potted Roses, Tree Roses, and Tree Peonies are sent Express Charges Collect.

We do not solicit orders under \$2.00.

Direct from Nurseryman— Distance No Barrier

In spite of the many ingenious methods which have been devised, we have yet to see Roses, sold like packaged goods from store shelves, which could compare with the vigorous Roses we put out. Distance is no barrier to the delivery of fresh-packed Roses provided you order them sent direct from the grower.

SPECIAL OFFER F

Eight Yellow and Copper *Everblooming Roses*

Many inquiries are always received for a list of good, reliable, hardy and free-blooming yellow or copper-yellow Roses. To fill this need, we present this carefully chosen list. The general opinion seems to be that yellow Roses are often more difficult to grow than reds or pinks. But they are not if you get the right varieties, such as listed below.

DUQUESA DE PENARANDA. Copper-apricot. Unusual coloring.

FEDERICO CASAS. Very artistic orange-copper-pink.

LUCIE MARIE. Copper yellow.

MRS. PIERRE S. du PONT. Golden yellow.

PADRE. Copper to old-gold.

REV. F. PAGE-ROBERTS. Yellow, marbled carmine-red.

RICHARD E. WEST. Clear, chaste cadmium-yellow.

TALISMAN. A blend of orange-yellow edged reddish copper.

No. 1 Grade, regular price \$7.25

SPECIAL for \$5.85

Extra Grade, regular price \$8.75

SPECIAL for \$6.90



MRS. PIERRE S. DU PONT. See page 13



ULRICH BRUNNER

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

Having their main blooming period in June, many of them will recur or bloom again during autumn if they are properly pruned; hence the French term for this class: Hybrid Remontants. They are all exceptionally hardy and require less attention and less winter protection than the Hybrid Teas. If desired, they make large bushes from 3 to 6 feet or more in height, and yield many more blooms at one time than the Hybrid Teas. They are especially valuable for their fragrance. This class of Roses continues to prove the crowning glory of the Rose-garden in June.

**Prices of Hybrid Perpetuals except Symphony, No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.;
Extra Grade, \$1.00**

BARONESS ROTHSCHILD. Light pink, large, symmetrical, cupped bloom.

CAPTAIN HAYWARD. Bright scarlet-crimson. A free autumn bloomer.

CLIO. Satiny flesh-color, deeper pink center.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. The queen of all white Roses, in both size and purity.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. One of the oldest Perpetuals. Bright crimson-red.

GEORG ARENDS. Known as the "Pink Druschki." Delicate shade of soft light pink.

HEINRICH MUNCH. Satiny, even shade of pure pink; extremely full and well-formed bud and open flower.

HENRY NEVARD. A comparatively new and improved scarlet-crimson that blooms frequently with characteristic Hybrid Tea habits.

J. B. CLARK. Immense, full, red Rose. Unusually vigorous.

MME. ALBERT BARBIER. Clear fawn-yellow similar to, but much larger than, Mrs. Aaron Ward. This variety, like Henry Nevard, continues to bloom freely all summer.

MRS. JOHN LAING. Still the most popular soft pink Perpetual ever introduced. Unequaled for garden effect and for cutting purposes. Blooms continually.

PAUL NEYRON. The largest of all deep pink Roses—blooms sometimes measure 6 inches across.

SYMPHONY. This may best be described as an Everblooming Frau Karl Druschki, bearing handsome, massive blooms of perfect form, often measuring 6 inches in diameter. They are carried on stout, straight stems. The buds are blush-pink, opening to lovely pale rose with the ends of petals pure white. A truly magnificent full flower on a very strong plant. Patent 79. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Brilliant light cherry-red. Excellent for cutting. Almost thornless.

Special Offer G: HYBRID PERPETUAL DOZEN
Extra Grade Only

One of each variety except Symphony and Mme. Albert Barbier **\$8.50**
(Regular price \$12.00)



Climbing Roses

There are many uses for Climbing Roses that many of us have not yet realized. Aside from the gorgeous effect produced in May and June, the foliage of all of the Climbers we now offer is far more attractive than many vines we have seen. And they need very little attention—not even much pruning, except to keep them within bounds.

Trained as pillars on the most humble poles for supports, on fences, over archways and trellises, against walls, are but a few ways a small investment in Climbing Roses gives such great returns.

The selection we offer will give a six-weeks' season of bloom from early June. After that we may expect *established* plants of Blaze and New Dawn, as well as some of the newer Climbing Hybrid Teas we offer, to give us a succession of bloom throughout the summer and early fall.

For the benefit of those who have not yet had much experience with Climbing Roses, it must be explained that they will produce very few if any blooms the first year. New running branches from near the base of the plants are produced the first summer, and upon these the flowering stems are borne the following year. Therefore do not prune Climbers at all, except as we explain under Culture.

N. B. Most of our new Hardy Climbers must be planted in an exposed location where they will get full sunlight the whole year. The new canes should be trained horizontally and irregularly to give many blooms the second or third year after planting. This little extra effort in training and feeding these fine new Climbers will repay you in the way of abundant bloom for years to come.

AMERICAN PILLAR. Large single flowers of rich deep pink, almost red, with white centers. Vigorous climber; blooms late. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

BLAZE. The new scarlet climber, of identical color as Paul's Scarlet Climber. In order for Blaze to show the "everblooming" qualities claimed for it by the introducers, it must be planted in a fully exposed location. Train the new branches horizontally and irregularly so they will get full sunlight the whole year. To get repeat blooms, cut or pinch the first faded flowers from the tip of the stems; do not cut with long stems. Patent 10. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

CHRISTINE WRIGHT. A charming and delightful wild-Rose-pink color. Very early; very vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

DOUBLOONS. A hybrid of our native *Rosa setigera*. Clusters of very large, cup-formed, saffron-yellow blooms, opening one after the other, thus prolonging the season. Long, heavy canes. Patent 152. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

DR. HUEY. The deepest crimson-maroon climber with a rich blackish lustre. Midseason and late (long-lasting). Moderate growth; may be used as a pillar. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

DR. W. VAN FLEET. Delicate flesh-pink flowers, borne on long stems. Midseason; very strong and vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

EMILY GRAY. Pure, non-fading buttercup-yellow. Not hardy in northern climates. Midseason; vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.



SCORCHER. See page 21

ELEGANCE. While the color is spectrum-yellow, similar to Golden Glow, the flowers are larger, often measuring 6 inches across, with eight to ten rows of recurved petals. In cool weather, it takes over a week for the flowers to open after showing a color mass of yellow. Plants are every bit as hardy and vigorous as the well-known climber, Mary Wallace. Patent applied for. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

GARDENIA. The small, pointed yellow buds open creamy white. Very early; very vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

GLENN DALE. A comparatively new large-flowering white climber. Tinted lemon at first opening but fades to a pure white. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

GOLDEN GLOW. A very hardy and vigorous climber in a new spectrum-yellow, fade-resistant color. Blooms on stiff stems are as fine as many Hybrid Teas and are borne over a period of about a month in June. Having good China Tea fragrance, Golden Glow and Elegance fill the long-felt need for good, hardy yellow climbing Roses for the North. Patent 263. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

JACOTTE. Vivid orange-yellow-apricot flowers; distinct and different. Vigorous climber when established; midseason. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

KITTY KININMONTH. (Alister Clark, Australia, 1922.) Glowing deep pink, non-fading. Many golden stamens showing. Very vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25.

MARY WALLACE. Generally considered the most satisfactory pure pink climber. Early; very vigorous. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MERCEDES GALLART. (M. Munne, 1932.) The first crop in June is a cerise-red changing to magenta, but in midsummer and autumn the blooms are clear bright crimson. Moderately vigorous. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

MERMAID. A Hybrid Bracteata. Large, single flowers 5 to 6 inches across, sulphur-yellow, with very showy amber stamens. Recurrent blooms all summer on established plants and fine in autumn. Needs protection in cold climates. Moderately vigorous. No. 1 Grade, \$1.25; Extra Grade, \$1.50.

MME. GREGOIRE STAECHELIN (Spanish Beauty). (Pedro Dot, 1927.) Crimson-carmine buds open to a brilliant pink with carmine markings on outside of petals. Very long stems; deliciously fragrant. Early; vigorous climber. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

MRS. ARTHUR CURTISS JAMES (Golden Climber). Not recommended except for those willing to wait several years for truly magnificent, golden yellow blooms on 12-15-inch stems. This year's blooms were gorgeous after we waited three years for them. Patent 28. Extra Grade only, \$1.50.

NEW DAWN. Delicate apple-blossom-pink, identical in form and color with Dr. W. Van Fleet, parent. Established plants bloom recurrently and consistently throughout the summer. Moderately vigorous growth. Recently awarded the Bloomfield Medal, presented by the late Capt. G. C. Thomas, Jr., for the best new climbing Rose in years. Its "everblooming" qualities are definitely established. Patent 1. No. 1 Grade, \$1.50; Extra Grade, \$1.75.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. This is still the most popular "red" climber—a brilliant and glowing scarlet. Midseason; moderately vigorous. May be trained as a pillar. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

PRIMROSE (Primevere). Bright primrose-yellow, fading to canary-yellow. Midseason; very vigorous. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

PURITY. White, semi-double, large flower. Vigorous grower but not rampant as Silver Moon. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

SCORCHER. Brilliant crimson-scarlet 'ruffled' flowers, gracefully formed. A true climbing Hybrid Tea with recurrent blooming habit. Early; moderately vigorous growth. No. 1 Grade, \$1.00; Extra Grade, \$1.25. See cut, page 20.

SILVER MOON. Pure white to lemon-white, center of golden stamens. Late; very vigorous and rampant grower. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.

ZEPHIRINE DROUHIN. A fine old Bourbon Rose adapted to pillar growth. Deep rose-pink buds open to rosy red flowers. Nearly thornless. An abundant bloomer in June and again in fall. No. 1 Grade, 85 cts.; Extra Grade, \$1.00.



MME. GREGOIRE STAECHELIN (Spanish Beauty)

TREE ROSES. For Spring Delivery Only. We offer a limited number of Everblooming Roses budded on 3-foot standards, at \$3.75 each. Write for a list of available varieties, but express your color-choice at the same time.



GOLDEN SALMON

Polyantha or "Baby" Roses

For constant bloom and bright color in the garden, Polyanthas should be more widely used. As permanent bedding plants in masses they are unsurpassed and less expensive than annuals, such as geraniums. The low-growing varieties may be used for edging along paths and walks, or as a foreground to tall Roses and shrubs. All of the varieties we offer are very hardy and truly everblooming. We have grouped them under two headings: those blooming with large-flowered clusters, and those with small-flowered clusters.

Price of Polyanthas: 85 cts. each, less discounts to quantities ordered. Extra Grade only

Small-Flowered Varieties

● **ALICE AMOS.** Bright cherry-pink with white eye. Unusually prolific.

● **CECILE BRUNNER.** Sometimes known as the "Sweetheart Rose." Very small pink buds open to a brighter pink on yellow ground. Height, 1 foot.

● **CHATILLON ROSE.** Vivid light rose-pink. Always in flower. Height, 15 to 18 inches.

● **CORAL CLUSTER.** A beautiful coral-pink, always fresh and cheerful. Small, dainty flowers in clusters, similar to Cecile Brunner in habit. Height, 12 to 15 inches.

● **ELLEN POULSEN.** Bright rose-pink. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

● **GEORGE ELGER.** Golden yellow buds, opening to clear yellow. The best yellow of this class. Height, 12 to 15 inches.

● **GLORIA MUNDI.** Brilliant orange-scarlet. New and distinct. Height, 12 to 15 inches.

● **GOLDEN SALMON.** Attractive reddish orange-colored trusses, non-fading. Height, 15 to 18 inches.

● **IDEAL.** The finest dark red. Height, 12 to 15 inches.

● **KATHARINA ZEIMET.** Best white. Dwarf; valuable for edging. Height, 12 to 15 inches.

● **RUDOLPH KLUIS.** Pure vermilion-red buds, finishing to a deep rose-red when open. Does not fade. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

● **SUNSHINE.** Golden orange clusters changing to amber-pink when fully open. Very fragrant.

● **TRIOMPHE ORLEANAIS.** Finest brilliant crimson Polyantha. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

SPECIAL OFFER J

Collection of Small-Flowered Polyanthas

1 each of above varieties marked with a ●

7 Extra-Grade Varieties (Regular price \$5.95) for \$4.50

(All approximately the same habit of growth—height 1½ to 2 feet)

LARGE-FLOWERED POLYANTHAS

ELSE POULSEN. Bright rose-pink, semi-double. Unsurpassed for constant color accent in the garden. A Polyantha in habit of bloom only; single flowers, 2 inches across, borne on plants 2½ to 3 feet tall.

GRUSS AN AACHEN. The individual flowers resemble Hybrid Teas in size and form; buds orange-pink, opening to blush-pink. Very free flowering. Height, 15 to 18 inches.

KIRSTEN POULSEN. Bright scarlet; otherwise same plant and flower habits as Else Poulsen. Fine for hedges. Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

KAREN POULSEN. Large, semi-double, scarlet flowers in great clusters. Very showy and valuable, as are all the Polyanthas produced by Poulsen of Denmark. Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

LAFAYETTE. Bright cherry-pink, changing to a lovely cerise shade. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

MRS. R. M. FINCH. The buds and open blooms are soft rosy pink on a plant of unusual vigor and healthiness. A profuse bloomer, not yet so well known, but should be widely planted. Height, 3 feet.

Why Our Plants Are Better and Live Longer

Here in the comparatively small sector of Bergen County, within 15 minutes' drive from the George Washington Bridge, are produced some of the finest vegetable crops and nursery plants in the United States. The soil is a fertile loam and the climate is admirably adapted for producing field-grown Roses.

Our Rose plants are all grown in the open field. The seeds of *Rosa multiflora japonica* are first sown in the open field to provide hardy rootstocks. The largest seedlings are planted in the nursery row. Upon this strong and vigorous understock we then bud, in midsummer, the many cultivated varieties.

These newly budded plants remain in the field over the winter and are then dug and offered for sale during late autumn and early spring of the following years. It will thus be understood they have completed three years of nursery life. These large, strong, northern field-grown plants, three years from seed, are incomparably superior to the discarded "bench" Roses which have been forced for months in greenhouses and which scarcely last one growing season.

Liberal Quantity Discounts and Special Offers reduce the cost per plant as much as 25%. The "each" rate must take care of the cost of booking, packing, and delivery of small orders. There are plenty of good Roses offered in this Catalog that will average about 65 cts. each. Always remember that our cash prices include **Free Delivery** of Dormant Roses until April 15.

SPECIAL OFFER H

FOUR UNUSUAL

Hybrid Polyanthas (FLORIBUNDAS)

THREE PLANTS OF EACH
A Total of 12 EXTRA-GRADE PLANTS

Regular price \$10.20

SPECIAL for \$7.75

These four varieties produce large-flowered clusters continuously. They attain the same height (about 3 feet) and are suitable for group planting. As a low flowering hedge, they are unsurpassed. Fine for cutting for artistic low table decoration.

3 ELSE POULSEN. Brilliant rosy pink.

3 KIRSTEN POULSEN. Bright, pure scarlet.

3 LAFAYETTE. Bright cherry-red.

3 MRS. R. M. FINCH. Soft satiny pink.



ELSE POULSEN



DAINTY BESS

Single Roses

Price, \$1.00 each, less regular quantity discounts. Extra grade only

DAINTY BESS. Soft rose-pink with a large cluster of wine-colored stamens. A prize-winning subject for artistic arrangement.

INNOCENCE. Large, pure white flowers, showing a center mass of golden red stamens.

CECIL. The finest yellow single variety.

ISOBEL. Coppery to orange-pink. Best in this color class.

VESUVIUS. Very brilliant scarlet or fiery crimson.



VANGUARD

Rugosas

AGNES. Finest yellow Rugosa. 6-7 ft. \$1.00.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. Bright crimson Rugosa. 4-5 ft. \$1.00.

HUGONIS. "The Golden Rose of China." Unusually attractive single yellow blooms in May. Graceful, large shrub with red canes and thorns and attractive small foliage. A beautiful plant all year round. 4-5 ft. \$1.00.

PINK GROOTENDORST. Pink Rugosa. 4-5 ft. \$1.00.

SKYROCKET. (W. Kordes Sons, 1934.) A real everblooming Pillar or Shrub Rose. Brilliant red blooms are borne in large clusters the entire season. With its fine, upright habit, it may well be planted in a shrubbery border where constant color is needed. 6-7 ft. \$1.25.

VANGUARD. Orange-copper. A new Rugosa with the finest lustrous, dark green foliage. This year its blooms were truly magnificent and abundant without any exaggeration whatsoever. 7-8 ft. \$1.50.

Two Trailing Roses for Covering Banks

MAX GRAF. Produces large, single pink flowers against glossy foliage. \$1.00.

ROSA WICHURAIANA. The trailing branches produce many white flowers. \$1.00.

The Culture of the Rose

Roses are easy to grow provided you begin with the right kind of plants. Peterson Roses have made it possible for the beginner as well as the experienced amateur to achieve success.

LOCATION OF SITE. The ideal site for a Hybrid Tea Rose-garden is one that does not receive the early morning sun—a location sheltered if possible from high winds, but where the plants will get enough air and sunlight. Roses here in the East like partial shade, especially during July and August when our climate is usually hot and dry. When one resides in a city or town the choice of location for a Rose-bed is often quite limited, and yet many thousands of Rose-culturists so situated are very successful.

SOIL. Any good garden soil which will produce vegetables or good crops of annuals and perennials will also grow Roses. The hardy understock upon which all of our Roses are budded does well in both heavy clay soils and in the lighter sandy loams.

PREPARATION OF BEDS. Although, as we have just said, good Roses can be grown in an average garden soil, where the best obtainable Roses are desired the beds should be trenched to the depth of 15 to 18 inches. Try to get some old cow-manure and mix one part of this with about three parts of soil. Allow to settle before planting.

It is only when you are forced to plant in a low, wet situation that drainage is important. In that case you should simply remove about a foot of soil and place cinders or stones in the bottom of the bed.

While we do not wish to belittle the idea that soil-preparation is important, we do know that many beginners who want to plant Roses imagine that there is some difficult and secret soil-mixture that Rose plants demand, and this is decidedly not the case. The feeding, cultivating, spraying or dusting, watering, and pruning of established plants is more important than a lot of over-preparation and over-fertilizing before the plants are set.

MANURES AND FERTILIZERS. With so many new and recommended fertilizers of all descriptions being offered to plant-lovers, it is no wonder that some of us are rather confused on this subject. At the same time, there are no hard-and-fast rules for fertilizing Roses, so that many of the new combinations of fertilizing materials have their value in Rose-feeding provided you follow the directions of the manufacturer.

The best and safest way to feed Roses is to use cow-manure in some form. If it is not obtainable as well-rotted barn-manure, then it can be obtained in a dry concentrated form by the bag. Because Roses want their food right down at the roots and within a relatively small feeding area there is nothing better than liquid manure. This solution is very easily prepared by soaking either fresh or dry manure in water at the rate of approximately one pound to every gallon of water. Frequent applications about a week apart, using a half gallon to a plant during the active growing season in June, July, and August is recommended.



©

COUNTESS VANDAL

Described on page 5

A good grade of raw, coarse bonemeal may be mixed with the soil when Roses are planted. It can also be fed once or twice a season, about a pint to an established plant. Be sure your bonemeal is a reliable brand.

Hardwood ashes not only act as a good fertilizer high in potash content, but will also sweeten the soil. This may be applied liberally two or three times during the growing season.

Air-slaked lime is good to apply in moderation on an old bed where the soil may be acid. It is not a plant-food, but will make other fertilizing elements available for plant consumption. Never mix lime and bonemeal within a short period.

Concentrated chemical fertilizers are now available in the form of small tablets that may be used on Roses according to directions.

Never use a quick, active fertilizer high in nitrogen content. This usually produces a lot of soft shoots producing small flowers and these shoots are subject to fungous attack.

DISTANCE APART TO PLANT. Hybrid Teas require about 14 to 18 inches apart; distance will often depend on the plant habit of the variety. You can usually tell the comparative plant habits of certain varieties by the size and number of canes on the plants as you receive them. Close planting is always recommended for Hybrid Teas.

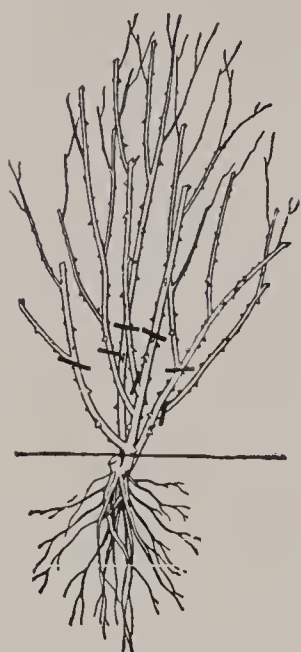
Hybrid Perpetuals should be planted 2 to 3 feet apart, depending on the space at one's disposal.

Climbing Roses on a fence or trellis may be spaced 7 to 8 feet apart in a straight row.

Polyanthas, used either as a hedge or for border planting or as bedding Roses, should be spaced 15 to 18 inches apart.

PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS. Detailed information about how to plant Roses properly is sent with each order.

PRUNING. Before shipping we cut the bush plants back to about 1 foot high. Climbers and Perpetuals are left a little longer.



A Hybrid Tea Rose bush thinned out and pruned back to the black lines in spring. This also shows the proper depth to plant below the soil-line.

SPRING PRUNING. Both the newly planted Hybrid Teas and older plants will need pruning in March or April, soon after frost leaves the ground and before very active growth begins. Even if the wood is live to the ends, which is not likely where the winters are severe, the canes should be pruned back rather severely. A general rule is to cut the weakest canes the shortest, and where these are numerous, some of the smallest ones may be cut out entirely. The stoutest canes should be cut back to about 6 inches and the weaker ones to 3 inches, but this depends somewhat on the individual habit and vigor of the variety. Cutting away about two-thirds of the previous season's growth is a safe rule to follow

in pruning the main strong canes. The severer the pruning, the larger the flowers to follow. A moderate pruning will yield more flowers of less size. When in doubt, prune hard because rarely if ever is a Rose bush injured by severe pruning. On the other hand, lack of proper pruning is responsible for many Rose-failures.

Both old and new Hybrid Perpetuals may well be cut back to a foot of the surface if large, typical flowers are to be expected. It is true that where Perpetual Roses are allowed to grow tall, say 4 to 5 feet, they will continue to flower. But if they are pruned severely once in a while, and the plant is thus rejuvenated, the size of the flowers is greatly increased, and furthermore, there will be recurrent blooms during the summer, if the flowers in June are cut with long stems. We feel that one of the reasons that the popularity of the Hybrid Perpetual has waned is because the erroneous impression has gone around that they do not need pruning; consequently, the plant becomes straggly, blooms mediocre and unattractive. Therefore, our recommendation is to make better use of the pruning-shears on this highly desirable type of Rose.

Climbing Roses—and here we refer to the Wichuraianas and the new Australian climbers that produce their large flowers singly or in clusters on long stems—need very little pruning the first few years, except to see that the old flower-stems, provided they have not been used for cut-flowers, are cut back to within one or two eyes from the main branch. It must be remembered that this class flowers only on wood of the

previous season's growth. On most varieties even the old, hard canes, provided they are healthy, will produce a bountiful crop of flowers year after year. At any time, preferably during early summer after blooming, some of the old canes may be removed entirely if the plant is becoming too large or growing out of bounds. In other words, prune them for shape and symmetry and train them wherever and whichever way you want them to be, either on trellises, pillars, fences, pergolas, arches, etc. Greater profusion of bloom results when the new canes are bent or trained in different directions instead of being allowed to grow straight up.

The old Rambler type, like Dorothy Perkins and Crimson Rambler, whose small, double flowers are borne in clusters, must be pruned each year so that the canes that have flowered are removed. This allows the new strong shoots coming from the base of the plant to grow and develop flowering eyes for next year's flowers.

In pruning Polyanthas, simply remove the faded flowers during the summer and prune lightly in spring.

SUMMER PRUNING. At the end of the first or main blooming season, which in this latitude comes in late June, a medium pruning will result in a more bounteous crop of bloom later on. Where the flowers were not cut with a liberal stem, the latter may now be cut back two-thirds or so of their length; this allows two or three sets of leaves to remain on each strong stem. Do not, however, cut all growths back nor prune severely as advised in the spring. So severe a pruning will disturb the balance between top and root and will seriously check the growth. We do not advise later summer pruning nor fertilizing since both will have a tendency to promote late growths which will not have time to ripen or harden for the winter.

AUTUMN PRUNING. The question has been asked us many times how or what to do about pruning before hilling up with soil for winter protection. Very little, if any, is necessary except to remove some of the tall branches on varieties like Radiance, Lady Ursula, etc. This may be done roughly and is mainly recommended to prevent unnecessary evaporation when so much of the plant is exposed to strong winds and sun.

CULTIVATING AND WATERING. Most everyone knows that it is important to keep the soil in a Rose-bed loose and aerated. A summer mulch of peat moss, tobacco stems, grass-clippings, or other clean litter is always beneficial. We like to see the peat moss hoed and worked into the upper soil-layer. Roses do not need to be hoed or cultivated deeply so long as the job is done regularly and thoroughly.

Never allow Rose-beds to become dry throughout the entire growing season from early spring until late fall. We know of many instances where Roses are suffering, especially during July and August, from lack of water. In many cases the gardener imagines his problem is one of feeding, whereas all that is necessary is a thorough soaking. The theory that Rose-gardens must be especially well drained has been carried to the extreme in this country. It is different in the Pacific Northwest and in foreign countries, par-

ticularly England, where climate and atmosphere are continually moist. Therefore, our recommendation is always to water, and water plenty, during prolonged dry spells.

A Few Practical Rose Suggestions

It is always a pleasure to assist with the selection and arrangement of varieties whenever a Rose-garden is being planned. A good idea is to send in a rough design showing the proposed dimensions of the beds or the space available, and we can then suggest a planting-list to show spacing, etc. All Rose colors harmonize very well indeed, so it is only necessary that at least four or five of a variety be used where solid beds are being planted. In other words, do not plant a

long list of one each of a variety in the same bed. For the beginner, however, and one who wants to learn about Roses, the different varieties offered in our valuable collections will give you an idea which will be your favorites and which ones do best in your certain locality.

The spacing of Hybrid Teas should be considerably closer than we generally see them. Then the general garden effect will not be that of a well-hoed piece of soil, but a luxurious mass of plants and foliage from which the exquisite Rose arises. In other words, Roses always look better and do much better when planted closer—14 to 16 inches apart—in groups of at least three to five of each variety selected.

Detailed information about how to plant Roses properly is sent with each order.

Winter protection is explained in a circular sent with each fall order

There's Art in Our Painstaking Packing

Here is a box of our Extra-Grade Dormant Roses, just as they look upon opening the package. "It's like opening a box of fresh fruit," our customers say. Heavy, bright green canes; roots safely packed in fresh sphagnum moss. Labels neatly printed and securely fastened with non-rusting copper wire. Every detail just right. That is the way our carefully trained men put up Rose plants for shipping.



HOW TO KEEP YOUR ROSES HEALTHY AND FREE OF PESTS

Pomo-Green is not for Roses alone, but for the entire garden. It is a reliable product manufactured by the Niagara Sprayer and Chemical Company. We have used their products for many years on our plantings and have found them most effective in preventing fungous diseases and killing insects. Directions for use are printed on every container. Pomo-Green, with or without Nicotine, gives us better results when used as a dust.



5 lbs. Pomo-Green with Nicotine. For Black-Spot, Mildew, Leaf-eating Insects, and Aphis.....\$3.00

1 Improved Dust Gun... 1.50

\$4.50

Special Offer of combination for.....\$3.90

5 lbs. Pomo-Green without Nicotine. For Black-Spot, Mildew, and Leaf-eating Insects. (Used where Aphis are not always a garden problem).....\$1.75

1 Improved Dust Gun..... 1.50

\$3.25

Special Offer of combination for.....\$2.85

Five pounds of either material is sufficient for keeping 50 Hybrid Tea Roses in good health throughout the active growing season.

Sent Express Collect.



THE PEONY

King of Perennials

A very careful selection of desirable and tested varieties—the result of years of observation.

Numbers following name refer to rating, with 10 being perfect.

DOUBLE HERBACEOUS PEONIES

WHITES

Avalanche. 8.7. Milky white. Fragrant. Late. \$1.00.

Baroness Schroeder. 9.0. Creamy white. Late. \$1.00.

Couronne d'Or. 8.1. Golden stamens showing through. Fragrant. Late. 75 cts.

Duchesse de Nemours. 8.1. Lemon-yellow center. Fragrant. Very early. 75 cts.

Festiva Maxima. 9.3. Early. 75 cts.

Frances Willard. 9.1. Ivory-white. Fragrant. Late. \$2.00.

Kelway's Glorious. 9.8. Creamy white. Very fragrant. Late. \$3.00.

Le Cygne. 9.9. Milky white. Fragrant. Midseason. \$3.00.

Marie Jacquin. 8.3. Flesh-white, rosy tinge. Very fragrant. Midseason. \$1.50.

Marie Lemoine. 8.5. Creamy white. Very late. \$1.00.

Mme. de Verneville. 7.9. Very sweet fragrance. 75 cts.

Mons. Dupont. 8.3. Creamy white, center gold and carmine. Very fragrant. Late. \$1.00.

LIGHT PINKS

Albert Crousse. 8.6. Fragrant. Late. \$1.00.

Edwin C. Shaw. 9.1. Fragrant. Late. \$3.00.

Georgiana Shaylor. 8.9. Fragrant. Late. \$2.00.

Grandiflora. 8.8. Very fragrant. Latest to bloom. \$1.00.

Judge Berry. 8.6. Fragrant. Early. \$1.50.

Katherine Havemeyer. 9.0. Fragrant. Midseason. \$3.00.

Lady Alexandra Duff. 9.1. Marked carmine. Midseason. \$2.00.

Loveliness. 8.8. Very late. \$2.00.

Luetta Pfeiffer. 8.7. Fragrant. Very early. \$2.00.

Marguerite Gerard. 8.4. Midseason. \$1.00.

Mme. Calot. 8.1. Very early. 75 cts.

Mme. Jules Dessert. 9.4. Fragrant. Midseason. \$1.50.

Octavie Demay. 8.5. Very early. 75 cts.

Reine Hortense. 8.7. Midseason. \$1.50.

Therese. 9.8. Fragrant. Midseason. \$2.00.

Tourangelle. 9.4. Late. \$2.00.

DARKER PINKS

Edulis Superba. 7.6. Fragrant. Very early. 75 cts.

Lamartine. 8.2. Silvery reflex. Midseason. \$1.50.

Livingstone. 8.1. Very late. \$1.00.

Louise Renault. 8.0. Spicy fragrance. Late. \$1.00.

Mme. Ducel. 7.9. Midseason. \$1.00.

Mme. Forel. 7.7. Late. \$1.00.

Modeste Guerin. 7.8. Midseason. \$1.00.

Mons. Jules Elie. 9.2. Early. \$1.50.

Officinalis Rosea Plena. 8.6. Early. \$1.50.

Phoebe Cary. 8.8. Lavender-pink; distinct. Late. \$2.50.

President Wilson. 9.3. Very fragrant. Late. \$5.00.

Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0. Late. \$1.50.

Souv. de Louis Bigot. 9.1. Midseason. \$3.00.

Standard Bearer. 8.5. Fragrant. Early. \$1.50.

Strassburg. 8.4. Midseason. \$2.00.

Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille. 7.8. Fragrant. Midseason. 75 cts.

Umbellata Rosea. 7.4. Fragrant. Very early. 75 cts.

Walter Faxon. 9.3. Fragrant. Late. \$2.00.

REDS

Adolphe Rousseau. 8.5. Lustrous rich garnet. Very early. \$1.50.

Augustin d'Hour. 7.8. Rich vinous red. Late. \$1.50.

Charles McKellip. 7.8. Deep red. Midseason. \$1.50.

Cherry Hill. 8.6. Crimson-red. Early. \$2.00.

Eugene Bigot. 8.3. Velvety crimson-red. Late. \$1.50.

Felix Crousse. 8.4. Dazzling ruby-red. Midseason. \$1.00.

Fontenelle. Clear brilliant crimson. Midseason. \$1.50.

Karl Rosefield. 8.8. Crimson-red. Midseason. \$1.00.

Longfellow. 9.0. Crimson-red. Late. \$2.00.

Officinalis Rubra Plena. 8.6. The old-fashioned very early red "Piney." \$1.50.

Philippe Rivoire. 9.2. Best red. Very fragrant. Late. \$4.00.

William F. Turner. 8.4. Very dark crimson. Late. \$2.50.

OTHER COLORS

Jeanne d'Arc. 7.9. Tricolor—pink, sulphur, and rose. Midseason. \$1.00.

Philomele. 7.7. Tricolor—pink, yellow, and old rose. Fragrant. Midseason. \$1.00.

Primevere. 8.6. The nearest approach to a yellow Peony. Very fragrant. Midseason. \$2.50.

Solange. 9.7. Coffee and cream. Not a dependable bloomer but an exhibition variety. Late. \$2.50.

Single and Japanese Peonies

Amo-no-sode. 9.2. Wild-rose-pink with buff center. Midseason. \$5.00.

Attraction. 8.2. Vivid red opening to Tyrian-rose. Fragrant. Midseason. \$2.00.

Cathedral. 8.1. Old-rose-pink. Midseason. \$2.50.

Defiance. Rich cherry-red. Early. \$1.00.

Fuyajo. 9.2. Dark crimson or mahogany. Late. \$2.00.

Isani Gidui. 9.3. Finest white Japanese. Midseason. \$5.00.

Le Jour. 8.6. Excellent white. Early. \$3.00.

Lucienne. 7.7. Flesh-pink. Early. \$2.00.

Mikado. 8.6. Dark crimson. Midseason. \$2.00.

Petite Renee. 7.6. Fresh carmine-pink. Midseason. \$1.00.

Pride of Langport. 8.9. One of the finest pink singles. Early. \$3.00.

Princess Mathilde. 7.2. A charming pink French single. Very early. \$3.00.

Rosy Dawn. 8.5. Very prolific white single. Very early. \$3.00.

Tamate-Boku. 9.4. Very rare Japanese variety. Bright carmine-pink. Late. \$10.00.

The Bride. 8.4. A large pure white single. Very early. \$1.50.

The Moor. 7.8. The darkest crimson-red single we know of. Midseason. \$2.00.

Toro-no-maki. 9.0. One of the finest white Japs. Midseason. \$5.00.

Yeso. 7.7. A white single, center petals shaded yellow. Midseason. \$2.00.

LIBERAL PEONY DISCOUNTS

Deduct 10 per cent from \$5.00 worth or more

Deduct 15 per cent from \$10.00 worth or more

Deduct 20 per cent from \$20.00 worth or more

Minimum order \$2.50

In this way you make up your own Special Collections or selection at the reduced rates. We have tried to simplify matters by classifying the varieties under their various colors.

PRICES

Price is not necessarily an indication of Peony beauty but is more often determined by the scarcity or ease of propagation of certain varieties.

SEASON OF BLOOM

The terms Early, Midseason, and Late, cover the blooming season of approximately a month. For example, in our latitude (New York City) Tree and Shrub Peonies open the season about May 15–20, followed by the Officinalis varieties before Memorial Day; then follow the Early, Midseason, Late Doubles and Singles to wind up the season about June 15. It is well to bear this in mind when planning to visit our Peony Display Gardens.

TRUENESS TO NAME

Every root is guaranteed to bloom true to name and is tagged with a durable printed wooden label.

SIZE AND QUALITY OF ROOTS WE OFFER

The basic price as noted after each variety is for a mature, healthy root that usually produces some bloom the first year. The roots carry at least three to five good sound eyes, but, what is more important, our roots are healthy and disease-free.

Larger roots can be furnished in most cases at the following rates: Two-year plants or clumps 50 per cent in advance of the regular price; three-year plants or clumps at double the regular price.

PEONY-PLANTING TIME

September, October, and November, depending on latitude, are Peony-planting months. Order early; we will ship at the proper planting-time, beginning usually about September 10.

Special folder on Peony Culture and all necessary planting information is sent with each order



A typical 5- to 6-year Tree Peony Plant—truly the Garden Aristocrat

Tree or Shrub Peonies

About 100 years ago European Tree Peonies made their bow in the United States, but it was not until comparatively recent years that the propagation of Tree Peonies began here. It was formerly necessary to import practically all of them. On this page we present a group of the best-liked and finest varieties of Tree Peonies from what is probably the largest collection in the United States. They are commended to you without reservation.

Tree Peonies are the very first to bloom in early spring, preceding the Chinensis or Herbaceous varieties. Their woody and shrubby growth does not die down over the winter but is perfectly hardy even in severe climates. They develop into 3 to 4-foot shrubs several feet in diameter and it is not unusual for an old established specimen to produce 50 to 75 gorgeous blooms per season. Their blooms are much larger than those of the herbaceous varieties and of a crepe-paper-like texture, ruffled and crimped on the edges of the petals.

Size of Shrubs We Offer

The following prices are for mature 4- to 5-year-old shrubs, every one having bloomed freely in the nursery row, and are now 18 to 24 inches high. This season for the first time we are in a position to supply large specimens; these are very bushy clumps, 8 to 10 years old. Considering the time, skill, and care necessary in growing all Tree Peonies, the following prices will be found very reasonable and only in proportion to the high quality and size of each plant we offer.

Tree Peony Discounts

Deduct 10 per cent where 5 or more plants are selected. (No discount on Souv. de Maxime Cornu.)

Planting-time is September and October. Tree Peonies are always sent by Express Collect. We guarantee, without reserve, any possible transplanting loss. Planting and cultural instructions accompany every shipment.



Showing as nearly as possible the exquisite crepe-paper-like texture of pink Tree Peonies. This is Iwato-Kagami, a very scarce variety we cannot supply this year. However, you will find King of Peonies (Yomo-no-homare), Golden Center (Ukaregi-Ohi), and Louise Mouchelet are excellent rose-salmon pinks offered on this page.

European Tree Peonies

Double

Athlete. Large; rose-pink, mauve overcast. \$5.00. Specimens \$12.00.

Banksi. Most popular and easiest bloomer of all the double pinks. Shining pink with silver reflex. \$4.00. Specimens \$10.00.

Baronne d'Ales. Vivid salmon-rose with a darker center. \$5.00. Specimens \$12.00.

Fragrans Maxima Plena. Soft salmon-flesh-pink—an unusual and outstanding color. \$5.00.

Jeanne d'Arc. Imbricated salmon-pink. Fine form and free blooming. \$5.00.

La Ville de St. Denis. Flesh-pink, changing to white when open fully. \$5.00.

Lactea. One of the best double pure whites; profuse bloomer. \$5.00. Specimens \$12.00.

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